Amendments to the Claims

1-12. (Cancelled)

- 13. (Currently amended) A method of promoting extension of corneal nerve axon, which comprises topically administering an effective amount of a somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist to the eye of a subject ease in need of the promotion of extension of the corneal nerve axon.
- **14.** (Currently amended) A method of recovering <u>decreased</u> corneal sensitivity <u>associated</u> with corneal nerve damage, which comprises <u>topically</u> administering an effective amount of a somatostatin receptor <u>SSTR2 or SSTR4</u> agonist to <u>the eye of</u> a <u>subject ease</u>-in need of the recovery of corneal sensitivity.
- 15. (Currently amended) A method of treating dry eye <u>associated with decrease of corneal sensitivity</u>, which comprises <u>topically</u> administering an effective amount of a somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist to the eye of a subject <u>ease-affected</u> with dry eye.
- 16. (Currently amended) A method of treating corneal epithelium defect <u>associated with</u> <u>decrease of corneal sensitivity</u>, which comprises <u>topically</u> administering an effective amount of a somatostatin receptor <u>SSTR2</u> or <u>SSTR4</u> agonist to <u>the eye of a subject ease</u> having corneal epithelial defect.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the decreased corneal sensitivity is decreased corneal sensitivity after surgery.
- **18.** (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist is at least one member selected from the group consisting of somatostatin, octreotide, t-butyl 6-amino-2-(3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-((4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzoimidazol-1-yl)piperidine-1-carbonyl)amino)propionylamino)hexanoate and 1-(3-(N-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino)propyl)-3-(3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)propyl)thiourea.

- 19. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein the somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist is at least one member selected from the group consisting of somatostatin, octreotide, t-butyl 6-amino-2-(3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-((4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzoimidazol-1-yl)piperidine-1-carbonyl)amino)propionylamino)hexanoate and 1-(3-(N-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino)propyl)-3-(3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)propyl)thiourea.
- **20.** (New) The method of claim 15, wherein the somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist is at least one member selected from the group consisting of somatostatin, octreotide, t-butyl 6-amino-2-(3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-((4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzoimidazol-1-yl)piperidine-1-carbonyl)amino)propionylamino)hexanoate and 1-(3-(N-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino)propyl)-3-(3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)propyl)thiourea.
- **21.** (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist is at least one member selected from the group consisting of somatostatin, octreotide, t-butyl 6-amino-2-(3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-((4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzoimidazol-1-yl)piperidine-1-carbonyl)amino)propionylamino)hexanoate and 1-(3-(N-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino)propyl)-3-(3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)propyl)thiourea.
- **22.** (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the somatostatin receptor SSTR2 or SSTR4 agonist is at least one member selected from the group consisting of somatostatin, octreotide, t-butyl 6-amino-2-(3-(1H-indol-3-yl)-2-((4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzoimidazol-1-yl)piperidine-1-carbonyl)amino)propionylamino)hexanoate and 1-(3-(N-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-N-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)amino)propyl)-3-(3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)propyl)thiourea.